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	Ha Dzong (89-20, 27-15) to Ch'unpei (Chumbi, 88-53, 27-28). The same map shows two routes from Punakha to Tibet, the more direct via Gasa Dzong (89-30, 27-05), and a longer route via Wangdu Phodrang (89-50, 27-30) and Byakar Dzong (90-40, 27-30). At this point the road divides, one branch extending north and crossing the border, undemarcated in this area, at approximately 90-40, 28-05, the other running northeast through Thunkar (91-00, 27-50) to Lhakhang Dzong (91-05, 28-05).	
5.	Comment. The map referred to above shows roads from Pare Dzong (89-30, 27-20) extending west to Ha Dzong and thence to Ch'unpei, and east to Tashi Chho Dzong, the troads from which is described below. There is also a stream extending northwest toward Phari Dzong, and the pass mentioned may lie near the head of this watercourse.	
6.	Comment. According to the map, a road from Tashi Chho Dzong extends northwest and crosses the border at about 89-25, 91-55, the same pass which serves the direct route from Punakha to Tibet. In Tibet the road joins a route from Phari Dzong which runs on the east side of Ram Tsho (89-22, 28-10), a lake which on another map is marked as Dochen.	
7.	Comment. While it is probably true that the stationing of these troops along the border is not in preparation for an invasion of Bhutan, there may be other reasons for the move than the intimidation of Bhutan. It may be simply a movement aimed at dispersing the troops from the Yatung area, where the military concentration had become burdensome. The Bhutan border area is close at hand and affords workable land which the troops can cultivate. It may also be anticipated by the Communists in Tibet that the presence of these troops along the border may influence the Bhutanese to export to Tibet more rice, butter, meat and other foodstuffs.	
8.	Comment. During the last five months of 1952 the Bhutanese Government was actively engaged in training Bhutanese citizens in the art of modern warfare. Recruits are taught to handle and fire the British Lee-Enfield caliber .303 rifle and the British .45-caliber Sten gun. Training issuaully conducted in the Dzong which commands the valley in which the recruits live. Once trained, they are returned to their respective villages and replaced by new recruits. By so training a large percentage of the population, the Bhutanese hope eventually to have an army modeled after the one in Switzerland.	•
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